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ROLE OF EDUCATION IN WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

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Abstract

Women's education in India is a major concern for both the government and civil society, as trained women will play a very important role in the country's growth. Education is a landmark in the advancement of women because it encourages them to adapt to challenges, to confront their conventional status, and to transform their lives. So we can't overlook the value of education in terms of women's empowerment and India is poised in recent years to become a powerhouse. Education of women is the most powerful tool to change the position in society. Women education in India has been a need of the hour, as education is a foundation stone for the empowerment of woman. Education also brings a reduction in inequalities and functions as a means of improving their status within the family and develops the concept of participation. In this paper titled "Role of education in Women Empowerment" the author will analyses how vital role has education played in empowering women in India.

Keywords: Commission, Empowerment, Education, Obstacles, Women.

I. INTRODUCTION

Education is a landmark in the advancement of women because it encourages them to adapt to challenges, to confront their conventional status, and to transform their lives. One of the ways to promote the idea of women's liberation is education. However prosperous and humongous our nation is, without meaningful schooling, no aspirations or dreams of our people can be fulfilled. Not only does education teach a girl, but it also allows her to understand that she is a critical member of society.

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Among the many aspects that can be ensured by successful use of schooling are occupational success, self-awareness and happiness. Education also provides support and therapy, helping women choose their careers and develop career pathways.¹

Training will help women motivate themselves to meet the demands of today's technological world through knowledge of science and technology. It also lets them collect intelligence all over the world through the machine. Training not only educates a woman, but encourages her in her home and outer world to make choices and embrace obligations. Education encourages a woman to recognize her right to fair justice as an individual in this nation's culture.²

Empowering women relates to improving women's societal, economic and educational capacities. This applies to an atmosphere where there is no gender inequality and legal, social and occupational rights are equal. For the last few decades, the issue of women's empowerment has been a raging concern all over the world, including India. In their studies, several United Nations organizations have stressed that the issue of gender should be given the utmost importance. It is assumed that it is now impossible to expect women to wait for freedom any more.

Women's empowerment is women's empowerment that lets them make their own choices by breaking all of culture and family's personal constraints. Students are normally able to address or compose several paragraphs or full essays in their schools on this subject. We also included a paragraph and essay on women's equality here to assist students. India is poised to emerge, more literate, educated and economically at the forefront, as one of the most developed nations by 2020. Women will, no doubt, play a crucial role in contributing to the growth of the region.

Women's influence is key to every country's economic development. In India, pending changes, this is failed to fulfill the requirements. In the field of women's empowerment, nothing has been done, but this sector must endure a chain of transformations in order for this to happen. While India could well become one of the world's largest economies, it is plagued by a lack of participation by women.³

II. **DISCUSSION**

¹ Rouf Ahmad Bhat, Role of Education in the Empowement of Women in India, Journal of Education and Practice Vol.6, No.10, 2015.

² Ibid.

³ Sonali channawar, Role of Education in Women Empowerment, International Journal of recent Trends in Engineering and Research, ISSN: 2455 1457.

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A. Women Empowerment: -

Empowering women relates to improving women's societal, economic and educational capacities. This applies to an atmosphere where there is no gender inequality and legal, social and occupational rights are equal.

For the last few decades, the issue of women's empowerment has been a raging concern all over the world, including India. In their studies, several United Nations organizations have stressed that the issue of gender should be given the utmost importance. It is considered that women should no longer be made to wait for freedom any more.⁴

Women's empowerment is women's empowerment that lets them make their own choices by breaking all of culture and family's personal constraints. Students are normally able to address or compose several paragraphs or full essays in their schools on this subject. We also included a paragraph and essay on women's equality here to assist students.

According to their needs and specifications, they may pick any female empowerment essay provided below. India is poised to emerge, more literate, educated and economically at the forefront, as one of the most developed nations by 2020. There is no question that women will play a crucial role in contributing to the growth of the world. Women's influence is key to every country's economic development. This has yet to fulfill the requirements in India, amid reforms.⁵ In the field of women's empowerment, nothing has been done, but this sector must endure a chain of transformations in order for this to happen. While India could well become one of the world's largest economies, it is plagued by a lack of participation by women.⁶

B. Role of Education for Women Empowerment:

In Women's Economic Empowerment, education plays a key role. It really takes center stage, but for a long time, this right has been denied to most women, especially in rural areas, and they have been exposed to very degrading practices and responsibilities. In their civic, career, economic and family lives, education empowers girls to do more. Education for women can mean going to class or being educated in capacity building and the growth of skills or, better still, being mentored on very important aspects of WEE.

The education of women in India plays a very important role in the country's overall growth. This aims not only to grow half of the human capital, but also to improve the quality of life at home and abroad. Educated women not only prefer to support their girls' education, but may also provide all their children with better guidance. In addition, trained women can also help to reduce the rate of child mortality and population growth.

⁴ Shahra Razavi, Gender Justice, Development, and Rights, 504 (Oxford University Press, New York, 2002).

⁵ Ibid.

⁶ Balaji Pande, "Women's Education: A Critucal Study", 13 ILI 10 (1985).



C. Obstacles to Women Empowerment: 7

- 1. Violence: The key element that opposes the liberation of women is violence. Physical, emotional, mental torment and agony are deeply rooted in ancient society, responsible for the reduction in the percentage of female sex ratio.
- 2. Gender inequality: promoting women is not only limited to women's economic independence; gender equity is on the other hand.
- 3. Family constraints: Illiterate guardians who are not able to give educational institutions to their female daughters.
- 4. Early Marriages: Early marriages end in college dropouts. One of their reasons is also a lack of knowledge of female education. Women ought to shift their own view of themselves and their empowerment.

D. Women Empowerment through Education: -

Women's liberation is a global issue and numerous organized and informal movements around the world are at the forefront of the discourse on women's human rights. At the international women's conference at NAROIBI in 1985, the idea of women's liberation was adopted.

Education is a landmark in the advancement of women because it encourages them to adapt to challenges, to confront their conventional status, and to transform their lives. India is poised to become a powerhouse, a developing world by 2020, but we should not disregard the value of education in relation to women's empowerment. ⁸

The year 2020 is coming quickly; it's just 7 years ago. Only when the women of this country have been mobilized will this become reality. India reportedly accounts for the world's highest number of illiterate people. India's literacy rate grew dramatically from 18.3 percent in 1951 to 74.04 percent in 2011, with women's enrollment in education also rising sharply from 7 percent to 65.46 percent.⁹

Our legislation, reform strategies, plans and services have targeted the empowerment of women in diverse fields within the context of a democratic policy. An important change in the attitude to women's problems has been from welfare to growth from the fifth five-year plan (1974-78) onwards. The equality of women has been recognized as the central problem in deciding women's status in recent years. An Act of Parliament created the National Commission of Women in 1990 to protect women's interests and legal rights. The 73rd and 74th amendments (1993) to the Indian

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⁷ Supra 5.

⁸ ROLE OF EDUCATION IN WOMEN EMPOWERMENT AND DEVELOPMENT: ISSUES AND IMPACT (Visited On 25th Jan 2021).

⁹ Nupur Mathur, Role of Education in the Empowermnet of Women in India, 14 Jan 2020.



Constitution provided for the allocation of seats for women in the local hodies of panchavats and

Constitution provided for the allocation of seats for women in the local bodies of panchayats and municipalities, laying a solid ground for their inclusion in local decision-making.¹⁰

III. CONCLUSION

In order to promote women's education at all levels and to dilute gender prejudice in the provision of information and education, schools, colleges and universities have been created, including exclusively for women in the state. The government is offering a bundle of concessions in the form of providing free books, uniforms, boarding and housing, clothes for midday meals, scholarships, free circles, and so on, to get more girls, particularly from disadvantaged BPL families, into mainstream education. Man alone cannot eradicate the evils of poverty, unemployment and inequality. Fair and active women's participation is obligatory.

They would not be able to hear about their rights and their value until women are educated. The goal of women's empowerment is to achieve a higher degree of literacy and education, better health care for women and their children, equitable ownership of productive capital, greater involvement in the economic and commercial fields, awareness of their rights, increased living conditions and the achievement of women's self-reliance, self-confidence and self-respect.

The NDA government has recently launched Beti Bachao, a Beti Padhao scheme that seeks to make girls socially and financially independent, helping to increase awareness and enhance the effectiveness of women's welfare services. To bring in the necessary improvements, such systems should be introduced nationally. What can never be ignored is that women ought to be proactive about the lifelong learning process, like men. That would be, true empowerment.

¹⁰ Shweta Mogre & Sumit Zokarkar, Role of Education for Women Empowerment, 2016 (Visited on 25th Jan 2021).